For questions **1-8**, read the text below and decide which answer (**A**, **B**, **C** or **D**) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (**0**).

Example:

<u>A range</u>	B change	C switch	D shift

Gold

Gold is a metal that can 0_____ in colour from bright yellow to white, to even copper red. Throughout human history gold has remained a $1_$ ____ desirable possession.

The history of gold in human culture 2_____ back to Ancient Egypt. Egyptians used it to create tools as well as jewellery and associated the glitter of gold 3_____ the Sun. Later gold found its use in money in the 4_____ of coins. This ensured that coins keep their value as they are made from the 5_____ metal.

Until recently, gold has mostly been used because of its attractive, shiny texture. Nowadays, it has found **6**_____ in electronics thanks to its great conductive **7**_____. Surprisingly, it is even used in culinary art, however only for the most expensive of **8**_____.

1	A greatly	B mostly	C highly	D largely
2	A travels	B takes	C dates	D leads
3	A as	B with	C of	D on
4	A form	B way	C size	D item
5	A costly	B luxurious	C expensive	D precious
6	A usefulness	B aim	C application	D purpose
7	A properties	B means	C peculiarities	D tendencies
8	A foods	B portions	C servings	D dishes

Answer Keys

- C highly. This is the only adverb that collocates with `desirable` here to convey the meaning `very or extremely desirable`. `Largely` and `mostly` have the meaning `more often than not`.
- C dates. To date back is to exist form some particular time in the past. To take back is another phrasal verb here, but the meaning is to take somebody in the past, figuratively.
- 3. **B** with. `To associate with` is to make a mental connection, e.g. `Expensive cars are often associated with wealth and speed`.
- 4. **A form.** `In the form of` means that money was one of the many ways to use gold. The word `way` doesn't fit though as it does not have this meaning in the given phrasing.
- D precious. Another collocation is `precious metal`. All the other adjectives work here, but `precious` is the preferable choice.
- C application. `to find application` means to discover a way to be useful. `to find purpose` has the same meaning, but it is normally used in relation to people rather than inanimate objects.
- A properties. Property is the ability of something to do something. Conductive property is the ability to conduct electricity (pass electricity through one's body). Most metals conduct electricity.
- D dishes. `Foods` refers to different kind of food, e.g. bread, vegetables and so on. `Portions` and `servings` refer to the amount of food served.